WO 2004/086969 PCT/US2004/009426

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1	1. A method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section of		
2	the brain comprising the steps of:		
3	examining the head of a patient in vivo in a magnetic resonance device;		
4	vibrating the head of the patient during the examination at a selected		
5	frequency between 125 hertz and 500 hertz;		
6	observing and plotting phase alteration of voxel isochromats at the selected		
7	frequency to obtain phase patterns; and,		
8	measuring the phase patterns across at least the section of the brain.		
1	2. The method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section		
2	of the brain according to claim 1 wherein the measuring by observing phase patterns		
3	includes:		
4	repeating the examining, vibrating, observing and plotting, and measuring		
5	steps for a group of individuals; and,		
6	comparing the measuring of the phase patterns from one individual to other		
7	individuals.		
1	3. The method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section		
2	of the brain according to claim 1 wherein the measuring by observing phase patterns		
3	includes:		
4	analyzing the phase patterns utilizing Hilbert transforms.		
1	4. The method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section		
2	of the brain according to claim 1 wherein the measuring by observing phase patterns		
3	includes:		
4	analyzing the phase patterns by utilizing the shear modulus.		
1	5. The method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section		
2	of the brain according to claim 1 wherein the measuring by observing phase patterns		
3	includes:		
4	analyzing the phase patterns by utilizing the local wavelength.		

WO 2004/086969 PCT/US2004/009426

1	o. The method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section		
2	of the brain according to claim 1 wherein:		
3	the observing and plotting phase alteration of voxel isochromats occurs after		
4	vibrating the head of the patient for about a time period of 5 - 200 msec.		
1	7. A method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section of		
2	the brain comprising the steps of:		
3	affixing a coil to the head of the patient in a magnetic resonance device havin		
4	a magnetic field;		
5	passing alternating current through the coil to cause vibrational energy to pass		
6	from the coil to the head of the patient at a selected frequency between 125 hertz and 500		
7	hertz;		
8	after the passing step, examining the head of a patient in the magnetic		
9	resonance device;		
10	observing and plotting phase alteration of voxel isochromats at the selected		
11	frequency to obtain phase patterns; and,		
12	measuring the elasticity of the brain by observing the phase patterns across at		
13	least the section of the brain.		
1	8. The method for magnetic resonance elastography according to claim 7		
2	and wherein:		
3	observing and plotting phase alteration of voxel isochromats at the selected		
4	frequency to obtain phase patterns immediately after passing of the alternating current		
5	through the coil has ceased but before vibrational energy within the head of the patient		
6	dissipates.		
1	9. The method for magnetic resonance elastography according to alain 7		
2	9. The method for magnetic resonance elastography according to claim 7 and wherein the affixing of a coil to the head of the patient includes:		
3			
	placing a shaft through the coil to receive vibrations from the coil;		
4 5	placing a probe in rigid contact with a shaft at one portion and preloading the		
	probe into contact with a human skull at another portion; and,		
6	vibrating the coil to impart vibrations through the shaft to the probe to vibrate		
7	in vivo a human brain within the skull.		

WO 2004/086969 PCT/US2004/009426

ı	10. The method for magnetic resonance elastography according to claim		
2	and wherein the preloading of the probe into contact with the human skull includes:		
3	preloading the probe into contact with the acoustic window of the human		
4	skull.		
1	11. A method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section of		
2	the brain comprising the steps of:		
3	examining the head of a patient in vivo in a magnetic resonance device;		
4	observing the periodicity of the patient's heartbeat for determining a sampling		
5	interval with respect to the patient's heartbeat;		
6	vibrating the head of the patient immediately before a sampling interval at a		
7	selected frequency between 125 hertz and 500 hertz;		
8	observing and plotting phase alternation of voxel isochromats at the selected		
9	frequency to obtain phase patterns; and,		
10	measuring by observing the phase alternation across at least the section of the		
11	brain.		
1	12. The method for magnetic resonance elastography of at least a section		
2	of the brain according to claim 11 comprising the further steps of:		
3	ceasing the vibrating immediately before the observing and plotting step.		
1	13. An apparatus for improved magnetic resonance analysis of the brain		
2	during magnetic resonance examination comprising:		
3	a mounting for preloading a probe on to the cranium of the patient in a		
4	magnetic resonance device;		
5	a coil affixed to the probe for passing vibrations from the coil to the probe;		
. 6	and,		
7	means for passing an alternating current through the coil in the range of 125		
8	hertz to 500 hertz to cause the coil to vibrate within the magnetic field of the magnetic		
9	resonance device and pass the vibrations of the coil to the probe.		

WO 2004/086969 PCT/US2004/009426

1	14.	The apparatus for improved magnetic resonance analysis of the brain	
2	during magnetic resonance examination according to claim 13 and wherein means for passing		
	alternating current through the coil includes:		
4	a high	pass filter and a current stabilized amplifier.	